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RO-IR UWB-07

TECHNICAL REGULATION

for the radio interface

concerning equipment using ultra-wideband (UWB) technology

(UWB devices installed in road and rail vehicles)

98/34/EC Notification number: 2015/142/RO

1. Basic considerations

The Radio Equipment and Telecommunications Terminal Equipment Directive 1999/5/EC (R&TTE Directive) was implemented in Romania (RO) by Government Decision No. 130/2015.

This technical regulation contains the necessary equipment parameters for the licence exempt use of equipment using ultra-wideband (UWB) technology (devices installed in road and rail vehicles) in the specified frequency bands and considers especially compliance with Articles 3.2, 4.1, 6 and 7.2 of Directive 1999/5/EC.

Nothing in this technical regulation shall preclude the need for equipment placed on the market in Romania to comply with Directive 1999/5/EC.

The obligations arising from Directive 98/34/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 June 1998 laying down a procedure for the provision of information in the field of technical standards and regulations and of rules on Information Society services (OJ L 204 p. 37), as amended by Directive 98/48/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 July 1998 (OJ L 217 p. 18), have been hereby met.

All Romanian Technical Regulations notified under Directive 1998/34/EC will be published and will be made available free of charge from the ANCOM web-site at: http://www.ancom.org.ro/en/interface-regulations- 2723

2. Radio Interface Specifications

UWB devices installed in road and rail vehicles

Frequency range
f ≤ 1.6 GHz
1.6 < f ≤ 2.7 GHz
2.7 < f ≤ 3.1 GHz
$3.1 < f \le 3.4 \text{ GHz}$
$3.4 < f \le 3.8 \text{ GHz}$
$3.8 < f \le 4.8 \text{ GHz}$
4.8 < f ≤ 6 GHz
6 < f ≤ 8.5 GHz
8.5 < f ≤ 9 GHz
9 < f ≤ 10.6 GHz
f > 10.6 GHz

For the purpose of this technical regulation, *equipment using ultra-wideband (UWB) technology* means equipment incorporating, as an integral part or as an accessory, technology for short-range radio communication, involving the intentional generation and transmission of radio-frequency energy that spreads over a frequency range wider than 50 MHz, which may overlap several frequency bands allocated to radio communication services.

Maximum mean power spectral density, specified as e.i.r.p. of the radio device under test at a particular frequency, is the average power per unit bandwidth (centred on that frequency) radiated in the direction of the maximum level under the specified conditions of measurement.

Peak power, specified as e.i.r.p., is the power contained within a 50 MHz bandwidth at the frequency at which the highest mean radiated power occurs, radiated in the direction of the maximum level under the specified conditions of measurement.

For the purpose of this technical regulation, *non-interference and non-protected basis* means that no harmful interference may be caused to any radio communications service and that no claim may be made for protection of these devices against harmful interference originating from radio communications services.

The use of radio spectrum by equipment using ultra-wideband technology (UWB) is allowed on a non-interference and non-protected basis provided that such equipment meets the conditions set out in the Annex and it is used indoors or, if it is used outdoors, it is not attached to a fixed installation, a fixed infrastructure or a fixed outdoor antenna.

ROMANIA	Radio Interface Specification	SRD / UWB applications	RO-IR UWB-07	Edition 1/ 2015	l
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	Nr	Parameter	Description			Comments
	1	Radio communication Service	Mobile			
	2	Application	Short Range Devices / UWB applications			UWB devices installed in road and rail vehicles
	3	Frequency band	See row (7) below for applicable frequency bands			Harmonised radio spectrum for ultra-wideband technology (Decision 2014/702/EU amending Decision 2007/131/EC)
	4	Channelling	_			
	5	Modulation / Occupied bandwidth	-			
	6	Direction / Separation	-			
Normative part	7	· · ·	Frequency range	Maximum mean power spectral density (e.i.r.p) - 90 dBm/MHz - 85 dBm/MHz - 70 dBm/MHz - 70 dBm/MHz or - 41.3 dBm/MHz using LDC (¹) + e.l. (⁴) or - 41.3 dBm/MHz using TPC (³) + + DAA (²) + e.l. (⁴) - 80 dBm/MHz or - 41.3 dBm/MHz using LDC (¹) + e.l. (⁴) or	Maximum peak power (e.i.r.p) (defined in 50 MHz) - 50 dBm - 45 dBm - 36 dBm or ≤ 0 dBm	
			$3.8 < f \le 4.8 \text{ GHz}$ $4.8 < f \le 6 \text{ GHz}$	- 41.3 dBm/MHz using TPC (³) + + DAA (²) + e.l. (⁴) - 70 dBm/MHz or - 41.3 dBm/MHz using LDC (¹) + e.l. (⁴) or - 41.3 dBm/MHz using TPC (³) + + DAA (²) + e.l. (⁴) - 70 dBm/MHz	- 30 dBm or ≤ 0 dBm or ≤ 0 dBm - 30 dBm	

			6 < f ≤ 8.5 GHz	– 53.3 dBm/MHz	– 13.3 dBm	
				or $-41.3 \text{ dBm/MHz using LDC } (^1) + \text{e.l. } (^4)$	or ≤ 0 dBm	
				or	or	
				- 41.3 dBm/MHz using TPC (³) + e.l. (⁴)	≤ 0 dBm	
			8.5 < f ≤ 9 GHz	– 65 dBm/MHz	– 25 dBm	
				or	or	
				- 41.3 dBm/MHz using TPC (³) + + DAA (²) + e.l. (⁴)	≤ 0 dBm	
			9 < f ≤ 10.6 GHz	– 65 dBm/MHz	– 25 dBm	
			f > 10.6 GHz	– 85 dBm/MHz	– 45 dBm	
	8	Channel access and occupation rules	-			
	9 Authorisation regime Licence exemption					
	10	Additional essential requirements	-			
	11	Frequency planning assumptions	-			
12 Planned changes -						
	13 Reference Decision 2014/702/EU amending Decision 2007/131/EC; EN 302 065			5		
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bg 6	14	Notification number	2015/142/RO			
Informative part	15	Remarks	(¹) The Low Duty Cycle (LDC) mitigation technique and its limits are defined in ETSI Standard EN 302 065-3. (²) The Detect and Avoid (DAA) mitigation technique and its limits are defined in ETSI Standard EN 302 065-3. (³) The Transmit Power Control (TPC) mitigation technique and its limits are defined in ETSI Standard EN 302 065-3.			
			(4) The exterior limit (e. Standard EN 302 065-3	$ A .) \le -53.3$ dBm/MHz is required. The extend.	rior limit is defined in ETSI	